

## Transnational Labour Migration Remittances And

Transnational Labour Migration, Remittances and the Changing Family in Asia  
The Development Dimension Migration, Remittances and Development  
Migrants' Remittances and Development South Asian Migration  
Migration, Remittances and Development in Lesotho  
International Migration, Remittances, and the Brain Drain  
Migration, Remittances and Household Socio-Economic Wellbeing  
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Migration, Remittances and Development  
Migration and Remittances During the Global Financial Crisis and Beyond  
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Migration, Remittances and Farm Decisions in Rural Mexico  
Labour Migration, Remittances and Development in the Myanmar-Singapore Corridor  
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the contributors investigate the inter relationships between migrant remittances and the family in asia they argue that in the context of asian  
 transnational labour migration where remittances tend to become a primary currency of care the making or breaking of the family unit is mainly  
 contingent on how individuals handle remittance processes

this publication presents the current situation with regard to the magnitude and economic impact of migrants remittances to their countries of  
 origin

highlights the ways in which the development potential of remittances could be most effectively used while avoiding the possible risks in doing  
 so it seeks to help promote a more balanced approach to the issue of remittances and development which as indicated above is now high on  
 the global economic agenda

international migration is a dynamic global phenomenon that has been drawing increasing attention from both scholars and policymakers over

the last few decades it is particularly relevant to south asia since the region is a vast source of sojourner migrant labour as well as home to permanent immigrant and diaspora communities the chapters brought together in this volume provide insights into the study of international migration diaspora engagement and remittances in south asia in particular they analyse the implications of this phenomenon in relation to development and shed light on migration and diaspora led development in two sections firstly remittance induced development and secondly diaspora induced development the geographic focus of the volume is the global south asian emigrant population who live outside the region this volume demonstrates that international migration remittances and development offer an exciting field of academic study as well as a vibrant area of policy study its multi disciplinary dimensions enlarge its scope and applicability across several domains as such this volume offers an important contribution to the growing field of international migration in both the academic and policy spheres

the relationship between migration development and remittances in lesotho has been exhaustively studied for the period up to 1990 this was an era when the vast majority of migrants from lesotho were young men working on the south african gold mines and over 50 percent of households had a migrant mineworker since 1990 patterns of migration to south africa have changed dramatically the reconfiguration of migration between the two countries has had a marked impact on remittance flows to lesotho the central question addressed in this report is how the change in patterns of migration from and within lesotho since 1990 has impacted on remittance flows and usage

international migration the movement of people across international boundaries has enormous economic social and cultural implications in both origin and destination countries using original research this title examines the determinants of migration the impact of remittances and migration on poverty welfare and investment decisions and the consequences of brain drain brain gain and brain waste

in recent years a large number of ethiopians are travelling to various countries as labour migrants the republic of south africa and the oil rich

gulf countries have emerged as major destinations for many documented as well as undocumented ethiopian labour migrants the majority of the migrants send a substantial amounts of money back to the country for different purposes out of this the largest share comes through informal channels bypassing banks and other money transfer institutions the use of informal means of money transfer is problematic as it does often violate government financial regulations both in the sending and receiving countries in addition the use of informal channels denies the country valuable foreign exchange income this monograph examines the various channels that ethiopian labour migrants in the republic of south africa and the middle east use to send remittance money to their families and the respective advantages and drawbacks thereof it also looks at how remittance money is utilised by receiving families and its socio economic impacts

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this publication presents the current situation with regard to the magnitude of migrants remittances to their countries of origin in 2004 remittances exceeded official development aid in several emigration countries they totalled usd 126 billion according to imf estimates can remittances stimulate productive investments in the countries of origin can they spur economic and social development the impact of remittances on the economic development of sending countries is examined the book surveys the channels used to collect these funds the role of banking systems and other financial institutions and the introduction of new technologies and their impact on fund collection how the funds are transferred and how to reduce the costs focus is also placed on the different ways in which migrants themselves participate together with non governmental organisations host countries and sending countries to open up new avenues for policies on development aid and co development the direct role that migrants can play at the local level is highlighted several countries and regions are illustrated southern

European countries Mexico Turkey North African and Sub-Saharan African countries the Philippines and some Latin American countries

During the 2008 financial crisis the possible changes in remittance sending behavior and potential avenues to alleviate a probable decline in remittance flows became concerns. This book brings together a wide array of studies from around the world focusing on the recent trends in remittance flows. The authors have gathered a select group of researchers from academic, practitioner, and policy-making bodies. Thus, the book can be seen as a conversation between the different stakeholders involved in or affected by remittance flows. Globally, the book is a first of its kind attempt to analyze the effects of an ongoing crisis on remittance flows. Globally, data analyzed by the book reveals three trends: first, the more diversified the destinations and the labour markets for migrants, the more resilient are the remittances sent by migrants; second, the lower the barriers to labor mobility, the stronger the link between remittances and economic cycles in that corridor; and third, as remittances proved to be relatively resilient in comparison to private capital flows, many remittance-dependent countries became even more dependent on remittance inflows for meeting external financing needs. There are several reasons for migration and remittances to be relatively resilient to the crisis: first, remittances are sent by the stock cumulative flows of migrants, not only by the recent arrivals; in fact, recent arrivals often do not remit as regularly as they must establish themselves in their new homes; second, contrary to expectations, return migration did not take place as expected even as the financial crisis reduced employment opportunities in the US and Europe; third, in addition to the persistence of migrant stocks that lent persistence to remittance flows, existing migrants often absorbed income shocks and continued to send money home; fourth, if some migrants did return or had the intention to return, they tended to take their savings back to their country of origin; finally, exchange rate movements during the crisis caused unexpected changes in remittance behavior as local currencies of many remittance recipient countries depreciated sharply against the US dollar, they produced a sale effect on remittance behavior of migrants in the US and other destination countries.

this book profiles international labor migration from india as a means to analyze the macroeconomic impact of labor flows and the associated financial flows on the national economy the author first outlines the dimensions of and the trends in these migration and financial flows he combines evidence from published and unpublished primary sources on migration remittances and capital flows to sketch a picture of international labor migration from india that has never before been available he goes on to analyze the macroeconomic implications and consequences of migration through this analysis he assesses the impact of labor and financial flows on output and employment and of financial flows on savings investment and the balance of payments in conclusion the author sets out future guidelines which would facilitate the maximization and the socialization of benefits from international migration in the context of economic development

a considerable amount of research has been conducted on the topic of migration and remittances over the last few years early studies on immigration policy assumed that migrants leave their countries settle in a new country start integrating in their new society and abandon their ties with their country of origin today however globalization makes it possible for immigrants to remain connected with their native countries while residing abroad to address the latest developments on migration and remittances the authors provide a global survey of the analytical and empirical literature on these issues this paper reviews evidence on how migrants contribute to the economic development of their countries of origin in addition to describing the state of knowledge regarding flows of people and migrant remittances worldwide it focuses on the current literature dealing with the development impact of transfers of money knowledge and skills by migrants back to their home countries the paper also examines the complex question of the impact of highly skilled migration on labor sending countries there is a continuing debate over what role migration should play in the mix of policies available in order to promote economic development although mechanisms for liberalizing goods services and capital markets are in place the international mobility of labor still faces stringent restrictions the paper therefore reviews proposed mechanisms to strengthen the governance of international migration including policy options to make migration management bilateral regional or

global it also considers the relationship between international trade and development policies and migration policies including how to tap to the diaspora

includes statistical tables

international migration the movement of people across international boundaries has enormous economic social and cultural implications in both origin and destination countries it is estimated that some one hundred and eighty million people three per cent of the world s population are living in countries in which they were not born among these are millions of highly educated people who moved to developed countries from developing countries that already suffer from low levels of human capital and skilled workers moreover the flow of formal remittances from migrants to their relatives in their countries of birth has exhibited a very rapid and accelerating rate of growth estimated to exceed one hundred billion dollars annually remittances surpass foreign aid and account for the largest source of foreign capital for dozens of countries this timely volume provides an in depth examination of the relationship between and the impacts on migration remittances and development using new household surveys and census data the determinants of migration and the impact of migration and remittances on various measures of welfare are analyzed other issues discussed include the migration of skilled workers the impact of international students and skilled migration in the united states the determinants of internal and international migration from rural areas whilst providing a critical examination of the new brain drain literature

few studies have examined the impact of international migration and remittances on poverty in a broad cross section of developing countries adams and page try to fill this gap by constructing a new data set on poverty international migration and remittances for 74 low and middle income developing countries four key findings emerge international migration defined as the share of a country s population living abroad has a

strong statistical impact in reducing poverty on average a 10 percent increase in the share of international migrants in a country's population will lead to a 1.9 percent decline in the share of people living in poverty. A person a day distance to a major labor receiving region like the United States or OECD Europe has an important effect on international migration. Developing countries that are located closest to the United States or OECD Europe are also those countries with the highest rates of migration. An inverted U-shaped curve exists between the level of country per capita income and international migration. Developing countries with low or high per capita GDP produce smaller shares of international migrants than do middle income developing countries. The authors find no evidence that developing countries with higher levels of poverty produce more migrants because of considerable travel costs associated with international migration. International migrants come from those income groups which are just above the poverty line in middle income developing countries. International remittances defined as the share of remittances in country GDP have a strong statistical impact in reducing poverty. On average a 10 percent increase in the share of international remittances in a country's GDP will lead to a 1.6 percent decline in the share of people living in poverty. This paper is a product of the Poverty Reduction Group. Poverty reduction and economic management network is part of a larger effort in the network to understand better how international migration and remittances affect poverty in developing countries.

The study also demonstrated that poor economic status of origin households is an important explanatory variable for the out migration of its members and their remittance behavior. Thus remittances made by out migrants were crucial resources for many households to overcome capital constraints or to ensure their survival. However no evidence was found that remittances were channeled to economically productive investment. Therefore policy measures to provide households with income generating opportunities and encourage the utilization of remittances for development were suggested.

This thesis explores the impacts of labour migration on development in Myanmar. The central ambition of this thesis is to challenge existing work



on the migration development nexus by analysing the context specific factors that structure and effect particular outcomes of migration in particular i pay attention to the role of migration pathways intermediaries household structures and migration policy in producing particular types of migrants to do this i adopted a follow the people and follow the thing methodology which relied on survey n 459 and interview n 71 data both involved burmese migrant workers across the income spectrum but interviews were also conducted with key stakeholders such as remittance recipients in yangon myanmar employment agents multilateral organisations and non governmental organisations this multi sited methodology allowed me to track migratory and remittance sending practices across space grounding findings in verbal reconstructions of pre migration livelihoods everyday practices of migrants in singapore and finally through remittances back to the household in myanmar using bourdieu s theory of practice to dissect migrant and household behavioural drivers this thesis demonstrates how the relationship between migration and development is not straightforward but results from dynamic livelihood strategies and demands issues around employment rights in singapore social protection in myanmar household cultures of filial piety and communal structures of risk sharing and donation are particularly salient i found that migration and remittances do have a positive effect on households but they fail to address underlying livelihood constraints in turn this thesis contributes to an emergent literature on migration precarity and temporality

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